MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

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THE SENTINEL.

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INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

E. E. BRIGHTMAN .....
E. E. BRIGHTMAN .....

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 13, '60.

To Mail Subscribers.

THE FIGURES on the Printed Address indicate the time to which you have paid. For instance: 26Apr61, means paid to the 26th of April, 1861. Subscribers will please examine their Labels, as by doing so they will be able to see precisely to which they have paid copies, or to what time they make in giving credit, and notify us of any mistake.

☞ No paper discontinued when the time paid for is out, unless the money is sent for the order.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN.

To the Public.

The SENTINEL, having double the circulation in the city and more than double that of any other paper, stands at the head of the list as the cheapest and most desirable advertising medium in Milwaukee for all classes of Advertisements.

Persons who wish to Make Money can do it by using a few lines in the columns of THE DAILY SENTINEL. Merchants, manufacturers, mechanics, and others, who wish to extend their business, and secure more than double the advantages of advertising, can do so by using the columns of THE SENTINEL.

The SENTINEL has a large circulation, but NOT MANY WORD TRUE.

☞ For Telegraph, &c., see Fourth Page. ☜

News Digest.

We have, by the overland mail from California, some stirring news from the Far East. A revolution is reported to have broken out in Japan, which may lead to important results. China, it is said, has agreed to the demands of France and England, and thus averted the threatened attack of the combined powers.

The Richmond Convention organized yesterday, but will take no definite action until after they hear from Baltimore.

The session of Congress rapidly approaching its close. There is reason to fear that all the important measures of the session, the Pacific Railroad, Tariff and Homestead Bills, will fail to pass the Senate.

G. U. FORNEY has given important evidence before the Covode Committee, seriously implicating the President.

A characteristic letter from JOHN MITCHEL will be found in this morning's SENTINEL.

The New York Breadstuff market yesterday was rather lower. In our own, with fair transactions, prices were steady, but the market closed heavy.

Another slaver, with some four hundred negroes, has been captured in the Gulf by an American cruiser, and taken to Key West.

HORACE GREELEY'S letter to Senator SEWARD has been returned to the author for publication.

A Revolution in Japan.

The Overland Mail from California brings startling news from Japan. Just as we supposed that, by doing the agreeable to the Japanese Embassy now in this country, we had made sure of free commercial and social intercourse with Japan, there comes intelligence of a revolution in that distant land, the assassination of the *Tycoon*, or temporal ruler, and the restoration to power of the anti progressive party. The details of this intelligence will be looked for with great interest, while its effect upon our relations with Japan can only be developed by time.

Southern Resolves.—In view of the factious opposition made by the Democratic minority in the House of Representatives, to the progress of business, the Republican members met in caucus, on Friday last, and adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we will insist on the regular order of business, the regular call of committees during the morning hour, and other than the regular dispatch of business in committee.

Resolved, That we will oppose all motions to suspend the rules and to reconsider, except when such motions apply to the regular appropriation bills.

Resolved, That we will refer all special orders, and all attempts by the Senate, under color of amendments, to originate unconstitutionally bills for raising revenue.

Resolved, That we will promptly attend the sessions of the House at its opening, and until its adjournment without fail.

This action is worthy of Republicans, and we are glad to learn that several leading Democrats and Americans have expressed their willingness to co-operate in this arrangement for expediting public business. It is high time something was done in this matter, unless the sessions of Congress are to dwindle into a farce.

HON. JOHN SHERMAN.—FORNEY'S *Press* pays a compliment to Hon. JOHN SHERMAN, Chairman of the House Committee of Ways and Means. It says: "He is one of the most efficient legislators in the country, and has really been animated by the sincerest desire to promote the best interests of the People. With capacity and ability of the highest order he has demanded and secured action upon all leading measures. Under his wise counsels, and those of the party that have submitted to them, he has already sent to the Senate the homestead bill, the tariff bill, the deficiency bill, the navy bill, the civil appropriation bill, and other great measures; and he is now as anxious to carry the Pacific Railroad bill as the warmest of his friends. The Senate is, therefore, far behind the House, and must work to earn a due share of the public confidence."

POSITION OF GEORGIA AND ALABAMA.—The Washington correspondent of the *Journal & Commerce* gives the following statement of the course to be pursued by the delegates of these two States at Baltimore:

"We have highly important information from the Georgia and the Alabama Democratic State Conventions.

The views of Senator Toombs and Secretary Cobb, as expressed in their late published letters, have been endorsed and carried out by the Georgia Convention. The vote was 276 to 40. The minority were Douglas men, and seceded, and have appointed another delegation to Baltimore. According to the instructions to the regular delegation, they are to go to Baltimore and attempt to harmonize with the National Democracy upon a platform acceptable to the South; and, if they fail, they are to unite with the Southern Convention at Richmond, and there adopt a platform and make a nomination. The Alabama State Convention takes the same course."

THE PRESIDENT REBUKED.—The report of the Judiciary Committee of the House, dissenting from the doctrines of the President's special message against the Covode Committee, and declaring them dangerous to the rights of a free people, was adopted in the House on Saturday by a vote of 87 to 40. It will be seen that the attendance of members was thin, but the vote was very decisive.

A "SCARE-CROW" FOR DEMOCRACY.—The *News* expresses the opinion that our "picter" of Mr LINCOLN is a "scare-crow." How it may be with the "picter," we cannot say; but the original, no doubt, will effectually scare off all the Democratic "crows" that have been so busy, these few years past, in stealing corn out of the public crib at Washington.

WHAT CONSTITUTES "INCENDIARISM" SOUTH.—One of the delegates from Virginia to the Chicago Convention, Mr. BERHAM, was arrested in Alexandria the other day, and committed to jail on a charge of being "incendiary." It is said that the possession of the New York *Tribune* was the immediate cause of the charge being made against him.

The Monumental City—Its Sights and Scenes.

EUTAW HOUSE, BALTIMORE, Thursday, June 7th, 1860.

DEAR SENTINEL:—The best travellers lay down the maxim that, when you visit a locality for the purpose of pleasure and sight-seeing, it is best first to take from some elevated "stand-point" a bird's eye view of the whole, and, after thus getting a correct general idea of your whereabouts, then descend to details and examine particular objects of interest. The rule is sound, especially in a strange city. The points of compass, the general geography and topography of the place, and the notion of distances, being all correct, it is vastly easier to get an intelligent idea of minor facts. Otherwise a mistaken, or at best a crude and confused idea only, will be conceived and cannot be eradicated.

In accordance with this theory, we in the first place ascended to the cupola of the Eutaw House to take an observation. This Hotel, situated on the North-West corner of Baltimore and Eutaw streets, on one of the highest points in the city, is one of the time honored institutions of Baltimore. To speak in commendation of it would be to "carry coals to Newcastle" or "gild refined gold," more especially since it has passed under the management of COLEMAN, the prince of landlords. It may, however, not be amiss, in view of the approaching convention and the large number of Wisconsin men who will attend it, to say *en passant*, that the representation of the Democracy of the Badger State who come here, either as delegates or as "outsiders," to insist upon the nomination of DOUGLAS, will find at the Eutaw House accommodations ample and satisfactory.

From the cupola of this Hotel we look over the principal part of the city. Directly west is the palatial residence of ROSS WINANS, with its extensive and superbly ornamented grounds, open at certain hours of the day for all visitors. To the southward are the Depot and other buildings of the Baltimore and Ohio Railway, and beyond is the Middle Branch, while, further to the west of south, the bay and harbor with their shipping fill the undefined distance. Toward the northeast rise the dome and minarets of the cathedral, while beyond that towers the Washington Monument, and nearer rises the Gothic spire of the German Catholic Church of St. Alphonsus, surmounted by a gilded cross whose bright yellow surface gleams in the earliest and the latest sunlight. We afterwards visited both these places of worship, and while the interior decoration and amplitude of both are remarkable, the latter must bear away the palm for richness and architectural correctness.

Next in order, and in further pursuance of the theory above conveyed, we took our way to the Washington Monument. This famous structure is situated on North Charles street, upon an eminence 100 feet above tide water, in the most fashionable quarter of the city. Its upper balcony, 200 feet high from the ground, commands the finest view of the city and adjoining country that can be found. Simple and grand, the majestic column rears itself aloft; bearing on its summit the representation of one whose noble elevation enabled him to look down as from an eminence on the crowd of his fellow men. WASHINGTON, when living, attained a moral and intellectual exaltation that placed him beyond the more ignoble influences by which human nature is actuated, and aloof from motives that could sully the purity of his spirit, or cast a shade upon the brightness of his fame.—Unambitious of controlling others, he achieved the more mighty work of governing himself, and gave a practical illustration of the passage in the holy writ, which proclaims that he that humbleth himself shall be exalted. To have been the first among the sister States to erect a monument to the savior of his country, is a proud distinction in behalf of Maryland. It should be regarded by her sons as a source of patriotic self-gratulation, and so long as the lofty pillar which adorns their metropolis shall stand, so long will the names of their fellow-citizens, who have been instrumental in effecting the object, be held in respectful and affectionate remembrance.

The ascent to the top of the monument is by a flight of 230 marble steps, (which were built into the walls as the work went up,) winding around a solid pillar constituting the core of the column on which the statue stands. The visitor in ascending the height, is disposed to proceed with great caution, even with a lantern, (which is furnished by the keeper in charge of the monument,) as more than midnight darkness lies before him; yet he may proceed with perfect confidence, for a solid wall rises on each side of him. But whatever degree of fatigue is experienced by the visitor, he will be fully repaid on reaching the giddy height, by a survey of the delightful prospect which opens before him.

It may be interesting to many readers of the SENTINEL to know the dimensions of this structure, and they are accordingly here stated. They are as follows:

Square of the ground, in the centre of which is erected the structure	200 feet.
Square of the grand base or socle	50 "
Height of the grand base	25 "
Projection of the steps and blockings on each front	15 "
Circumference of the iron railing enclosing the grand base	814 "
Height of iron railing and base blocks	6½ "
Diameter of the base of column	20 "
Diameter of neck of column	14 "
Height of column to top of capital above socle	120 "
Square of abacus, forming terrace	20 "
Height of pedestal of statue	16 "
Diameter of plinth of statue	4 "
Height of statue	15 "
Total height of monument	180 "
Weight of statue	30,750 lbs.

Prominent among buildings near the monument is the white marble edifice, not quite completed, erected for the Peabody Institute. Dwellings of costly and ornate character also abound in the vicinity. Appearances would indicate the concentration of great wealth in a few squares in this beautiful quarter of the city.

The general appearance of Baltimore impresses the stranger favorably, and business seems tolerably active in all departments. I have witnessed no evidence of the existence of the formidable plug-ugly organization, nor has it on the other hand been my good fortune to see any considerable number of the beautiful women who are said to throng the Monumental City. That both these historical features exist, however, I am willing to take for granted, provided I incur the displeasure of neither.

I must now close, as I am off to Washington this morning. The Japanese are "continued" till to-morrow, and I hope to see their excellencies at the Capital.

The Eutaw House proprietors are busy extending passages to the buildings across the alleys to furnish unlimited sleeping room for their Convention guests. The note of preparation is also sounding in other quarters:

More about Baltimore on my return.
Yours, BADGER.

REMOVED TO THE ASYLUM.—The young lady, Miss Wright, of Racine, Wis., taken from the cars on Wednesday by officer C. Warren, was to be removed this afternoon to the Insane Asylum at Newburgh, to await the arrival of her father. During last night, her paroxysms of insanity returned with such increased violence as to render it necessary to place her under professional care.—*Cleveland Herald, June 9.*

CENSUS.—The returns from the First Ward of our city, make the population a little over 1,100 in that ward. This count shows a basis of six persons to one voter.—On the same basis, the full population of our city, including North La Crosse, will count up about 4,600.—*La Crosse Democrat.*

Letter from John Mitchel.

CHICAGO, June 10, 1860.

To the Editors of the Free Democrat:

In the *Free Democrat* of the 7th, I observe that you do me the justice to repel, in my behalf, an idea which you say prevailed in your city, namely, that I came to the Northwest on the present occasion, under color of lecturing about European affairs, "to make political harangues for the benefit of the Democratic Party." If the persons who entertained such a suspicion came and listened to my lecture, they must have been undeceived. Be assured also, that if I undertook to "stump" Wisconsin at all, it would for anything else rather than the Democratic Party.

For three years I have been laboring in my sphere of journalism, to break up that party, and I hope not altogether without effect. There is no Democratic party now, that I am aware of; it was kept alive four years longer than it had any right to live, by the generous zeal and attachment of the Irish born citizens of Northern States, who loved it for the traditions and associations of its vigorous prime. It is impossible any longer to belong to a party which is dead and gone, the soul having gone out of it, and the very body torn from limb to limb. If I had any credit with my fellow-countrymen, I should exhort them to seek new combinations—to isolate themselves no longer as the "Irish vote"—to merge in the several organizations of their fellow-citizens, and be guided in all public affairs by their own views of right and the political interests of the community in which they live. For example, I should wish to see Irish citizens of Northern States acting with the party which desires a protective tariff for home industry, and also the largest possible extent of territory for the field of free labor. If the South feel aggrieved, as she well may, she has her remedy.

I know that Irish citizens have avoided freesoilism and protection, because they felt that such doctrines and measures are unjust to the South and injurious to Southern rights, in this Union; and so, to protect those rights they have voted hitherto against their own obvious industrial interests. They may as well give up that generous struggle. It is too late: the South cannot be saved in the North, nor by the North, and must either save herself or go unsaved.

If the Republican party had nominated Mr. SEWARD, their great Statesman, leader and Creator, most of the Northern Irish—perhaps nearly all, would certainly have supported him; bound to him as they are by his uniform vindication of their rights as citizens—even sometimes against his own party. On the other hand Irishmen dwelling South will, I presume, most generally be disciples, (as I am myself) of Mr. YANCEY, of Alabama. Mr. SEWARD is right in asserting that there is an irrepressible conflict, and Mr. YANCEY is right in admitting and accepting that fact, with a view to ending said conflict in the easiest way—namely, by Dissolution of the Confederacy.

Your obedient servant,
JOHN MITCHELL.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM JAPAN AND CHINA.

Assassination of the Tycoon of Japan—Thirty People Beheaded—Entire Change in the Japanese Government—Indian Troubles on the Pacific.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., June 10.

The overland mail coach, with six passengers and San Francisco dates to the 21st of May, being three days later than by the Pony Express, arrived here at 8 o'clock this morning.

The San Francisco papers furnish the following highly important news from Japan and China, brought by the schooner Page, which left the Bay of Jeddo April 23d, and the steamer Yagtza from China April 10th.

The latter reports that the Chinese have concluded to pay the English and French Governments their expenses, and accede to all their demands.

The ports and the navigation of the rivers are to be free.

The Americans are charged by the China *Chronicle* with having been engaged in the coolie trade, and a proclamation has been issued by a distinguished Chinese official, warning them against the practice of kidnapping.

VIRGINIA CITY, May 19.—The Downeville troops, 115 men, on foot, with sixty guns, twelve pack mules and provisions, are on march hither and are expected to-morrow.

There is a great scarcity of horses and saddles for volunteers now organizing. Provisions are growing scarce.

A letter from Judge Watson, at Ragtown, May 11th, announces that the Indians are ready for war, and are stealing all the stock along the Humboldt river.

Eighteen whites are reported to have been killed at Honey Lake.

JAPAN.

The Prince Goitairo, who was at the head of the present Japanese Government, was assassinated on the 15th of March. He was going from his house to the palace with his train when he was attacked by fourteen Japanese, dressed as travellers. His retinue had six killed and several wounded, and one of the assassins, who was wounded and could not escape, had his head cut off by his comrades, and carried off, to prevent their being known.

Two of the assassins were persons of high rank, and had the privilege of cutting open their own abdomens with a sword, thereby preventing their property being confiscated, and saving their families from the disgrace which would entail on them had they been beheaded. Thirty people were beheaded on the 1st of April, having been interested in the affair. Since the death of the old Tycoon, under whose reign the treaty was made, there has been an entire change in the government. The present dynasty being opposed to foreign intercourse, throwing every obstacle in the way to interrupt trade and commerce that they possibly can do without violating the treaty. This opposition, at the head of which is Prince Meto, is reported as being as the present government, and an insurrection is momentarily expected. Guard houses with stands of arms are numerous both in the towns and along the roads to the city of Jeddo. All foreigners are requested not to go out after dark, and are advised by their respective Consuls to go armed at all times.

QUARREL AMONG POLITICIANS.

No Place Selected to Hold the Democratic Convention—The Douglasites and Anti-Douglasites Struggle for Supremacy.

Special Dispatch to the Cincinnati Inquirer.

BALTIMORE, June 8.

The Douglas and Anti-Douglas factions of the Democracy here are at fierce loggerheads. They are now quarreling about which of them shall have the management of the National Convention. The Douglasites are in the majority, and may possibly gain the ascendancy. Between these disputants no place has yet been procured wherein to hold the Convention. The Douglas men want Front Street Theatre, so as to accommodate the outsiders, whilst those opposed are in favor of the Maryland Institute, where the extraneous pressure cannot be so effectually applied.

THE WHEAT.—The heavy rains during the past ten days have brought the wheat forward rapidly, and fears were entertained that in the lowlands the stalks would grow too large. The cool weather the past few days is very favorable, checking the growth, hardening the stalks and giving vigor to the roots of the plant. The prospect was never better in Wisconsin for a heavy wheat crop.—*Janesville Gazette, June 11th.*

Recovery of Stolen Property.

BOSTON, June 12—3 P. M.

A large portion of the property stolen from Josiah Goodings, jeweller, some days since, was recovered this morning. A young man named Frank Dean is under arrest for the burglary. The value of the property stolen is about $7,000.

The mails per the steamer Arabia for Liverpool, via Halifax, will close at 6 1-2 o'clock to-morrow morning, but she will not leave her dock till about nine o'clock.

THE CITY.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.

Depart.	Arrive.	Mails Close.
10:15 A. M.	1:15 P. M.	9:30 A.M.
3:15 P. M.	12:30 A. M.	2:00 P.M.
6:30 P. M. Mixed train to Chicago.		

MILWAUKEE & MINNESOTA.

1:30 A. M.	9:30 A. M.	9:00 P.M.
1:55 P. M.	2:35 A. M.	12:30 P.M.

MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.

10:45 A. M.	11:45 A. M.	9:30 A.M.
4:00 P. M.	3:00 A. M.	8:15 P.M.
11:00 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	9:00 P.M.

MILWAUKEE & HORICON.

1:45 A. M.	9:30 A. M.	9:00 P.M.
1:55 P. M.	2:35 P. M.	12:30 P.M.

MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.

4:15 P. M.	12:30 P. M.	8:30 P.M.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.

5:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.	9 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	10:30 P. M.	10 P. M.

Departure of Steamers.

FOR CHICAGO.

The steamer *Gazelle* will leave Olmsted's dock every evening at 7 o'clock for the above and intermediate ports.

FOR TWO RIVERS.

The steamer *Huron* leaves Olmsted's dock, every evening at 5 o'clock, for Port Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Two Rivers.

FOR BUFFALO.

Screw steamers, with good accommodations, leave the different transportation docks every day, for Buffalo.

FOR OSWEGO AND ODDENSBURGH.

One of the Northern Transportation Co's screw steamers sails for the above ports every day, from the Company's dock at the M. & Miss. R. R. depot, touching at nearly all intermediate ports.

FOR COLLINGWOOD.

The Collingwood Line of screw steamers leave semi-weekly from Dousman's dock, foot of East Water Street, connecting at Collingwood with the Northern Railway of Canada, for the East.

FOR GREEN BAY.

The screw steamer *Wabash Valley* makes weekly trips to the above port starting from Olmsted's docs.

Young Men's Republican Club.

There will be a meeting of the Young Men's Republican Club, at the office of WINFIELD SMITH, in Kneeland's Block, on Thursday evening, June 14th, at half-past seven o'clock. All the members are requested to be present.

WINFIELD SMITH, President.

[Evening papers will please to publish the above notice.]

FOURTH OF JULY.—The Committee of Arrangements for the coming Fourth of July held an adjourned meeting last evening. The following appointments were made:

Finance Committee—J. A. HELFENSTEIN, CALEB WALL, C. PREUSSER, S. H. MARTIN, B. THROOP, S. S. DAGGETT, J. A. PHELPS.

Committee on Music—THOMAS H. EVISTON

Rail Roads and Steamboat Committee—L. H. KELLOGG, RUFUS KING.

Committee on Fire-Works—D. SCHULTZ, W. H. HOLLAND.

Orators of the Day—Judge A. D. SMITH, CARL SCHURZ.

Reader—Professor E. P. LARKIN.

Marshal—ROBERT CHANDLER.

The Committee of Arrangements meet again, on Saturday evening next, at the Newhall House, to complete their Programme.

The Finance Committee are requested to meet at the office of S. S. DAGGETT, Martin's Block, at 12 o'clock *to-day*. They will call upon our citizens for contributions to help celebrate the Fourth in spirited style. We hope that none will refuse to aid in this patriotic objection.

AN EXCURSION FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE ORPHAN ASYLUMS.—On Monday next, should the weather be at all favorable, the steamship *Detroit* is to make an excursion trip down the bay, and all such as desire to enjoy a sail of a few hours on this magnificent steamer, and at the same time lend a helping hand to the Orphan Asylums, can do so for the trifling consideration of *fifty cents*. The managers of the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway have generously tendered the free use of their steamer for the benefit of these noble charities. Now let our citizens be no less generous in their part, and see to it that so pleasant an opportunity to do a good act shall not be overlooked. The *Detroit* will start at 10 o'clock precisely, the weather permitting, and should it be unfavorable, the excursion will be postponed until the following Monday. She can readily carry 800 persons.

BASE BALL.—MR. J. W. LEDYARD, of 161 East Water Street, who is now in New York, purchasing a large stock of family groceries, has kindly forwarded, for the use of our Milwaukee Base Ball Club, six bats and twelve balls, made in New York, according to the regulations of the "National Association of Base Ball Clubs."

Our Club meet for practice (weather permitting) this afternoon at three o'clock, on the Fair Grounds, Spring Street. An omnibus will leave the corner of Main and Wisconsin Streets, a few minutes before 3, to convey parties to the ground.

WHERE ARE OUR FIREMEN?—An eastern fire engine has accomplished a wonderful specimen of squirting, which we commend to the notice of our firemen. Rhinebeck Engine No 2, of Rhinebeck, N. Y., recently threw a stream through a three-quarter inch nozzle, and 50 feet of hose, 214 feet.—*News of yesterday.*

"Our firemen" do not consider the above any very remarkable feat. We have seen it beaten by Nos. 2 and No. 6; and think that Nos. 1, 5 and 8 could improve upon the Rhinebeck "specimen."

MEETING OF THE MASONIC GRAND LODGE. The Annual Session of the Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons, for the State of Wisconsin, commenced in this city yesterday afternoon. There is a large attendance of members from all parts of the State and the usual interest manifested in the proceedings. The Grand Lodge holds its sessions in the large and handsome Lodge room, in Kilbourn's Block, West Water Street.

ALCOTT'S AQUARIUM.—At the handsome and well-furnished Drug Store of our neighbor across the street, MR. ALCOTT, there is a well filled *aquarium*, which is an object of great interest to all passers-by. He has quite a variety of fish in it, and their graceful motions are watched, with much curiosity, by big and little people, all the day long.

HARRY IS ALL RIGHT.—The Madison *Journal* says that HARRY BINGHAM is determined not to be observed by the sudden fit of economy which has seized on the City Fathers, and led them to shut off the gas. Accordingly he has fitted up a neat and handsome lamp post in front of his saloon, which will ray out light for a considerable distance in that part of the town. Being Wide Awake, he is bound to keep his lamp trimmed and burning.

ANOTHER THEATRICAL COMPANY.—MR. E. T. SHERLOCK, for some time past the Lessee and Manager of the Detroit Theatre, proposes to open the Academy of Music in this city, for a short season, to-morrow, (Thursday) evening. MR. SHERLOCK brings with him a very good stock company, and will endeavor to satisfy public expectation.—We hope that he will meet with good success.

A GOOD SELECTION.—We notice that Fred. D. Clark is employed in the office of the City Railway Company, as book-keeper. MR. Clark is an accurate accountant, a fine penman, and will fill the place well.—*Free Democrat.*

We take pleasure in endorsing what the *Free Democrat* says of MR. F. D. CLARK, and do not doubt that he will deserve the good opinions of his employers and the public.

THIS MORNING CALEB WALL has Dry Goods and Furniture for sale at 10 o'clock.

MUNICIPAL COURT, June 17.—Judge MALLORY, Presiding.—The case of Christopher Roche for larceny, was continued to the 19th inst.

Patrick Flynn was convicted of petty larceny, and sentenced to thirty days imprisonment.

William Ward, John Tetard and Charles Neyman were convicted of an assault and battery committed on a couple of Germans a week ago Sunday night, and were $50 each, which, with costs, amounted to $62. John Tetard paid his fine, but the other two were committed to jail in default of payment.

The counsel in the case of E. L. H. Gardiner made an application for a reduction of bail, setting forth that the amount named was larger than could be obtained, and that the ill-health of the defendant, if his imprisonment were continued, might lead to insanity. The Court, however, refused to reduce the amount previously fixed, $8,000.

CHEAP PROPERTY AND EASY TERMS.—CALEB WALL has been appointed agent for the sale of Mr. GILDDEN'S half of Lockwood & Glidden's Addition, in the First ward, and the property is offered on such terms that persons of moderate incomes can readily provide themselves with homesteads. No payment is required until one year after purchase, and then only *ten per cent.* of the amount; the balance to be paid in yearly instalments, drawing an interest of seven per cent.

The property is very pleasantly located, in full view of the lake and city, and the Horse Railway passing directly through it, makes it more desirable for residences than if nearer the centre of the city.

For particulars see Mr. WALL'S advertisement.

ATTEMPT TO THROW A TRAIN OFF THE TRACK.—We learn that as the 1:30 A. M. train on the M. & Minn. R. R. was going out on Sunday morning, an attempt was made to throw the train off the track near Kilbourn City by fastening a piece of timber across the track. The perpetrator of this diabolical act was seen running away by the engineer, who, suspecting some mischief, immediately stopped the train, and a few rods in front of the locomotive the obstruction was discovered. A number of men instantly started in pursuit of the scoundrel who had placed it there and soon succeeded in capturing him. We have been unable to learn his name. He was secured on the train and taken to La Crosse, where he will have his trial in a few days.

SUFFERERS from Scrofula and Scrofulous affections, clean up! Why wear your Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores? Why have the life twisted out of you by Dyspepsia, Rheumatism and Gout? Why suffer Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases to rot the bones in your body, or the flesh off your bones? Why let your sluggish blood drag, and scatter its distempers through your bones? AYER'S Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla cures these complaints, and cleanses them out of the system. Use it faithfully and you bring to society a healthier, cleanlier, and far more acceptable member.—*Democrat, Baltimore, Md.*

MAMMOTH STRAWBERRIES.—The largest strawberries we have seen this year, were for sale yesterday, at M. C. COOK & Co's Fruit Depot on Wisconsin street, north side, between East Water and Main streets. They were from Cleveland, and came through in excellent order. All varieties of fresh fruit may be found at COOK'S.

MORE RAIN.—The rain fell very easily, for two, or three hours, yesterday afternoon. The long "dry spell" has been succeeded by a decidedly "moist" spell. But as the weather continues cool, the crops, thus far, have sustained no material injury from the frequent showers.

LOCAL NOTICES.

THE SECOND WARD HIGH SCHOOL.—Students who are prepared to join the classes organized will be received for the remainder of the term, at reduced rates. The school is under the conduct of Prof. E. P. LARKIN, Principal; Mr. SEIBERT, Professor of German; Madame SEIBERT, Teacher of French; Mrs. LARKIN, Teacher of Music; Miss M. R. WHEELOCK and Miss A. E. MINER, Assistants. [june12-2t.

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the purchase of mortgages and business paper. City and county orders wanted.

TOWNSEND & SCHLEY.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.—The "Throne of David," by J. H. INGRAHAM, author of the "Prince of the House of David." "Mill on the Floss." "El-Turiedis." "Semi Detached House." Atlantic for June. Harper for June. Knickerbocker for June.—Godey's for June. Leslie's Magazine for June. New publications always on hand at oct27l858d1y W. E. TUNIS & CO'S.

☞ Call for Herrick Allen's Gold Medal Saleratus. Agitate until you get it. If your grocer has not got it, ask him to go to the wholesale Agent get a box, and try it. It is the best in the world. Do not be put off with any other. Use it instead of soda; it is a great deal nicer. Try it.

At wholesale by LITTELL & BAKER, DUTCHER, SEXTON & Co., and JOHN DAHLMAN & Co. my22j706

SAML. I. BRIDGE,
Real Estate Agent,
MONEY AND INSURANCE BROKER,
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CITY AND COUNTY PROPERTY bought, sold and exchanged. Taxes paid. Abstracts of title furnished. Notes, Mortgages, Stocks and other Securities negotiated. Loans obtained.

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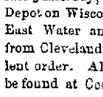

REUNION.

MINER & FARIES have again formed a partnership for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches.

Office No. 21 Wisconsin Street. G. B. MINER, R. J. FARIES.

Milwaukee Feb. 13th, 1860. feb18j213dawly1atpp

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MAGAZINES, &C.,
TO THE
SENTINEL BOOK BINDERY,
AND HAVE THEM BOUND.
☞ The Cost will be Trifling. ☜

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LAND, LOAN & INSURANCE AGENTS,
OFFICE UNDER STATE BANK.
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CONNECTIONS with all lines East. The Wisconsin State Lines run from Milwaukee to La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Waupun, on railroad routes. Also, from Milwaukee to Janesville, Madison, Watertown and Prairie du Chien. Stations at all important intermediate points.

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ARCHITECT.

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To-Day's Advertisements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

LESSEE AND MANAGER....E. T. SHERLOCK.

OPENING NIGHT!!

Sherlock's Great Star Company!

WILL HAVE THE PLEASURE OF appearing in this City for a "Short Season."

Thursday Evening, June 14th,

Will be presented Mrs. Southworth's Celebrated "Ledger Story," dramatized expressly for this popular Troupe, by H. A. Weaver, Esq., and as originally played by them in Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Detroit, Toledo and Grand Rapids, to

CROWDED & ENTHUSIASTIC AUDIENCES,

Entitled the

HIDDEN HAND!

During the Piece, the following Tableaux,

1. The Newsboy,
2. The Widow and Son,
3. Life on the Plantation,
4. The Broken Cane,
5. The Smuggler
6. Seeking the Devil,
7. Black Donald,
8. Wool and Fit Pat,
9. Albert's Guardian,
10. Capture of Hellcobb's Gang,
11. The Secret Spring,
12. Hidden House,
13. The Face in the Window
14. The Haunted Chamber
15. The Hidden Hand,
16. The White Lady,
17. Cadiccia and Clara,
18. Wool Patrolled,
19. The Rescue,
20. The Unwilling Bride,
21. Revelation of the Mystery.

PRICES OF ADMISSION—Dress Circle and Parquette.....50c
Family Circle.....3 c.
Gallery.....25c.

☞ Doors open at 7½. Curtain will rise precisely at 8 o'clock. je13

Milwaukee Musical Society.

100TH CONCERT.

On Friday, June 15, at 8 o'clock P. M.,

The Milwaukee Musical Society will give their

LAST CONCERT FOR THE SEASON!

—AT—

ALBANY HALL.

PROGRAMME:

PART I.

1—Overture to the Opera "Figaro's Wedding," by Mozart.
2—Chorus for Male Voices, by Abt.
3—Song for Soprano, with Piano Accompaniment.
4—Terzetto for Soprano, Tenor and Bass, from "Elias," by Mendelssohn, with Orchestra Accompaniment.

PART II.

5—Terzetto for Soprano and two Bassi, from "Don Juan," with Orchestra Accompaniment.
6—Song for Baritone, with Piano Accompaniment.
7—Terzetto for two Soprani and Tenor, from "Cosi fan Tutte," by Mozart.
8—March and Chorus, from "Tannhauser," by R. Wagner.

☞ Tickets can be had at the stores of Messrs. Needhoben and Enno Meyer, where also the monthly dues have to be paid. je13j336

JOHN L. HATHAWAY,
Real Estate, Money and Collection AGENCY.

OFFICE, NOS. 11 AND 13 YOUNG'S Block, Wisconsin Street, West Entrance, Third Floor. je13 783d1f

H. W. GEORGE,
FAMILY GROCER,

No. 31 Wisconsin St.,

YOUNG'S BLOCK,

IS NOW SUPPLIED FROM THE EAST, direct, and keeps constantly on hand everything belonging to

First - Class Family Grocery!

Also, a stock of

WOOD & WILLOW WARE,

CHILDRENS' CABS,

VELICIPEDES,

HOBBIES, &C.,

And has perfected arrangements at Cincinnati and Southern Michigan, which will enable him to supply his customers with

Strawberries,
Green Peas,
Green Beans,
Green Corn,
New Potatoes,

&c., as early as they appear in those markets. may31 583d1y

MUSICAL SOCIETY.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE members of this Society will be held at their Rooms in Albany Hall, on Tuesday evening next, June 19th, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of taking final action in regard to the proposed amendments to the Constitution of the Society, as reported by the Committee. F. W. PBIESE, June 12th, 1860. Secretary.

10 TONS PUTTY "BLADDERS."
3 TONS RED LEAD, ENG.
1 TON LITHARGE.
20 CASKS ROCHELLE OCHRE.
2 CASKS ENG. ROSE PINK.
5 CASKS PRUSSIAN BLUE.

5 CASES ULTRAMARINE BLUE,
50 BBLS ASSORTED LAMP BLACK,
75 BBLS ENGLISH WHITING,
50 BBLS WHITE CHALK,
25 BBLS VEN. RED, ENGLISH,
5 BBLS PATENT DRYER.

10 Cases Amer. Vermillion,
5 Bags Eng. Vermillion,
1 Bag Trieste Vermillion,
2 Cases Chinese Vermillion,
25 Cases Chrome Green,
50 Cases Paris Green.

BOSWORTH & SONS,
Wholesale Druggists, Milwaukee.

Fresh Fruits all the Year Round!

MAY BE EASILY SECURED BY USING ARTHUR'S AIR-TIGHT FRUIT JARS! Only depot for Wisconsin at

BLAIR & PERSONS',
155 East Water st., Milwaukee.

☞ Prices reduced to suit the times.
☞ Send your orders early. je13

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

John F. Bunson, Plaintiff,
Michael Michlschutter, Maria Muhlschutter, Joseph Vanderkondhaud, Peter Schaer, William Teiber, Joseph Carney, Hiram Blake, Joseph Mebbert, Charles G. Bread, Joseph Stoyer, Theresa Engel, Johanna Blatz, John Eddy and David Wilber, Defendants.

Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO A Judgment rendered in said Court in the above entitled cause on the 22d day of May, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the city of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 14th day of September, A. D. 1860, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale:

All those pieces or parcels of land described as follows, to-wit: l

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 13, 1860.

Yours truly
A. Lincoln

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

AT LARGE:

WALTER D. McINDOE, of Marathon.
BRADFORD RIXFORD, of Winnebago.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:

W. W. VAUGHN, of Racine.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:

J. ALLEN BARBER, of Grant.

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:

H. LINDEMAN, of Jefferson.

The way Republicans Manufacture Electioneering Stuff.

We find the following in the Grant Co. *Herald*, a most rabid Republican sheet:

"In that thorough canvass for principle, in Illinois in 1858, by Douglas and Lincoln, the whole vote for Secretary of State for and Republican candidate, 125,430; for the Democratic candidate 121,6 9. Majority for the former 3,811."

The point of the above joke is, that no candidate for Public offices were run in Illinois, when Douglas and Lincoln made their canvass. In 1856 the State officers were elected by about that majority, by the combined vote of Republicans and Know Nothings, while Buchanan carried the State by over 10,000 major ty.—Can the Republicans get up some other evidence of Mr. Lincoln's popularity than the assertion that he ran near upon self and his ticket.—*Madison Patriot.*

The *Patriot* being the "official" organ of the Democracy should keep better posted.—In undertaking to correct the Grant County *Herald*, the *Patriot* itself falls into a gross blunder. Here are the official aggregates for Members of the Legislature, and "State Officers" in Illinois in 1858. We copy the figures from the Chicago *Tribune* of Monday, which publishes the canvass in full:

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURE.

Republican	125,975
Democratic	121,190
Buchanan democratic and scattering	4,058
Grand total	251,143

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS.

	Rep.	Dem.	Adm.
Treasurer	125,430	121,669	5,029
Superintendent Pub. Ins.	124,256	122,418	5,178
Republican majority on Treasurer			3,821
" " on Superintendent			2,348

It will be seen from the above that the Republican majority on the Legislative ticket (ABE LINCOLN for Senator) was *four thousand and eighty-five* over the DOUGLAS ticket; while for State Officers the Republican majority averaged about *three thousand* only. The *Patriot* will thus discover that both its statements were incorrect. Will it "amend its declaration" accordingly?

Lincoln in New York.

The Republicans of New York City opened the Campaign in magnificent style on Thursday evening last. They held their Ratification Meeting in and about the Cooper Institute, and the New York papers all unite in pronouncing the demonstration a grand one. The *Tribune* says:

"The Mass Meeting of the Republicans of our city at Cooper Institute last evening to respond to the nomination of Lincoln and Hamlin was commanding in force and unbounded in enthusiasm. The three thousand packed at once into the great Hall were but a fraction of the immense outpouring of the People. Ward processions with torches and banners were continually arriving till after nine o'clock; that of the 'Rail Splitters' Battalion was peculiarly graceful and effective.—There have been few larger meetings held in this city by any party; there was never one which evinced more enthusiasm, or was more fitted to inspire it. Our city will give more votes this Fall for Abraham Lincoln than she ever yet gave for any candidate opposed to the Slave Democracy. Every day brings its accessions to our ranks; and if Douglas shall be beaten at Baltimore, we shall confidently hope to carry the city. In that case, the Republican victory in the State will exceed the widest estimate yet made. Everything presages an overwhelming victory for the Right."

Mr. R. M. BLATCHFORD presided, and eloquent speeches were made by Mr. EVARTS, Gen. BRUCE, Gen. NYE, Judge TRACY, of California, and other gentlemen. The spirit of the meeting was very fine, and its strength imposing. The Empire State is all right for "LINCOLN and Liberty."

A Screw Loose.

The organ of Mr. Bates, the St. Louis *News*, refuses to end for Mr. Lincoln. After several weeks silence, and time for reflection, it comes out boldly for Bell and Everett, and says that the Bates party of Missouri will support those nominations. The Chicago candidates find little sympathy in any of the Southern States, and in fact the Constitutional nominees, as they are called, have but here and there an advocate.—*News.*

Mr. BATES himself, and the great body of "the Bates party in Missouri," cordially support LINCOLN and HAMLIN. In 1856, not a single paper in Missouri advocated the election of FREMONT. Now *eight* leading and influential journals are doing battle zealously for LINCOLN. A like state of things exists in Maryland, Delaware and Virginia. Where Republicans in 1856 could only be counted by single votes in those States, they are now to be found in scores. In the Southern, as in the Northern States, the march of Republicanism is onward.

Who is Responsible for Mr. Sumner's Speech?

It has become the foolish fashion to abuse Mr. Sumner Sumner's late speech against the South, and to hold the Republicans responsible for the same. Now, if there is any one thing more reasonable than another, it is that Mr. Sumner's attack upon the South was a purely full blooded for their Oliver. They had not one of their champions upon him to unbreast him, and he has chosen to respond after his own fashion, ignoring the leaders of his own party, and speak ng for himself alone. This is the long and short of it. We think Mr. Sumner's speech in bad taste, as an abolition of passion and revenge; but it was not half so violent in temper, and was spoken in better English, and upon a better provocation, than many of the recent spirited speeches in the Senate by some of the extreme Pro-Slavery leaders. Mr. Sumner is a Senator, and chooses choice and elegant language, and that is something to relieve him from indiscriminate censure.—*Philadelphia Press.*

This is good Democratic authority for a palpable fact. The terrible philippic against Slavery, delivered by Mr. SUMNER, in the Senate, was his reply to the bludgeon of BROOKS. The speech is no more the Republican platform, than was the bludgeon that of the Democracy.

UNFOUNDED GOSSIP.—The *News* of yesterday publishes the following:

"It is said of Washington Irving, that in early life he loved the daughter of a wealthy Knickerbocker, who refused her to him and bestowed her upon a rich clergyman, Dr. Creighton. Insanity was hereditary in the family, and her husband pledged her a mansion and estate, without reversion, if she became a lunatic.—The sad event occurred. The lady became a maniac, and as her estate was near Sunnyside, her shrieks could often be heard at the author's house. No one can tell how much this dark story contributed to the melancholy which crowded the writer's last days.—The unfortunate woman is still alive. Singularly enough, Dr. Creighton officiated for years at the chapel which Irving attended, and read the burial service at his funeral."

This story, which has gone the rounds of the New York press, has called forth an explicit contradiction from a relative of the late WASHINGTON IRVING; accompanied with a request that those journals which had published the idle tale would take pains to correct it.

THE DAILY WISCONSIN, of Milwaukee, has come out in gallant style for the Republican ticket. The *Wisconsin* has for a long time been the leading Democratic journal in Milwaukee.—*N. Y. Courier & Enquirer.*

This is almost as funny a mistake as the statement of Mr. GIDEON J. TUCKER, that old Mr. JOHN CRAMER sustains DOUGLAS because his son edits a DOUGLAS paper in Wisconsin. The politics of the *Wisconsin* have always been a little "mixed;" but it is a long time since it professed Democracy. It now calls itself an independent paper and supports the Republican nominees.

Another Democratic Fort Taken.

Translated from the Atlas, of June 9th.

The City of Evansville in the Southern part of Indiana, was up to the present time considered one of the principal strong-holds of a party, which falsely calls itself Democratic, and the *Volksbote*, which for a long series of years has been published in Evansville, was the organ of the numerous German Democrats of that City. For some time past however we observed, that the *Volkesbote* no longer defended Democratic principles as eagerly as usual. It seemed to have lost all pleasure in the once so highly prized Democracy. What we expected has now become a fact. The *Volksbote* has taken leave of Democracy and placed the names of LINCOLN & HAMLIN at the head of its columns. The following is a part of what the *Volksbote* said, when leaving the Democratic ranks.:

"The scandalous doings at Washington, from whence old Buchanan, together with a host of Officers and his obedient organs, like Jupiter Tonans,, hurl down his destroying thunder-bolts on all those who venture to rise against the systematic corruption of the "*favorite son of Pennsylvania*," or to doubt the infallibility of his measures, have caused the shortsighted to open their eyes. The position of both great parties of the Country has now been so far cleared up, that the most confused can perceive the superiorities and deficiencies of each party, and from his own judgment act accordingly."

"The great questions to be decided in the next Presidential contest are as follows:—Shall freedom or slavery become national? Shall the territories be reserved for free labor or for slave labor? Shall domestic labor be protected? Shall land swindles and official corruption be made hereditary? Shall the unlimited prodigality of public money be stopped at last? Shall the people be governed by intelligent and honest men, or by a clique of officers who are rotten to the last fibre? Shall the people of Indiana, especially, endure the kicks of the two great demagogues, BRIGHT and FITCH, and bend their necks under the yoke of these Bashaws? These and other by no means unimportant questions have to be decided by the people of the United States next fall at the ballot-box."

"The men whose names we place to-day at the head of our columns, have given ample guaranty by their hitherto faultless life, by their integrity and energy, that they will carry out the principles stated in the Chicago Platform. We, on our part, shall do all we can to assist these men in gaining the victory, and we hope for the support of all those to whom Liberty and the welfare of the country are dear."

"Many of our readers, who for four years past have been led by the most brilliant promises to vote for JAMES BUCHANAN, have been disappointed and have no doubt been convinced, that the United States during the four years of the present administration have been subjected to a interruption of business, to ruin, to systematic corruption, and to unexampled prodigality of money, which have brought the country to the verge of destruction, and which will ever continue a stain on the history of the country."

"Being convinced that no reform is possible within this worn out party, convinced that no promises or assurances on the part of this party will dazzle the eyes of the people, we consider it an imperative necessity, as a demand of progress and of the spirit of the age, to place the Republican ticket at the head of our columns and to support with resolution the nominations of the Chicago Convention."

THE CATTLE DISEASE.—The House Committee on Agriculture met on Thursday and received a report on the cattle disease prevalent in the New England and Middle States from the Secretary of the United States Agricultural Society. The report was adopted, and will be presented to the House, together with resolutions requesting the Secretary of State to open a correspondence with the Consuls of the United States in such countries as may have been visited by the malady in question, to ascertain from them what sanitary measures have been adopted, and with what success, what steps have been taken to exclude animals coming from countries where the disease exists, and what medical treatment has been adopted; and requesting the Secretary of the Interior, in having agricultural information and statistics collected during the next fiscal year, to obtain statements of the condition and progress of the disease, and the action and results of the State commissions, and should the disease not be checked, to communicate the results of his inquiries to the House at the commencement of its next session. The subject is deemed one of great importance, in view of the fact, according to the census returns of 1850, the cattle in the United States numbered 18,378,907, with a probable increase since then of four or five millions.

THE HARVEST COMMENCED IN "EGYPT."—The Jonesboro (Union county) *Gazette* says harvesting has commenced in that region. "Our farming friends," it says, "are as busy as bees in the harvest fields. The cutting of the early wheat commenced on the 28th of last month, and this week the grain is falling before the sickle with a rapidity truly pleasing. It is now demonstrated that notwithstanding the early wheat crops are light, and rather short as to quantity, yet the grain is of good quality—perhaps equal to any other season for a long time past. We have no doubt that the white and red wheat, yet to be harvested, because a little later, will make a much better yield, owing to the fine rains we have recently had. The corn also will no doubt be equal to any former season. It is now looking remarkably well all over the country, and the farmers generally have this crop so far in first rate order."

DEMOCRATIC EXTRAVAGANCE.—When Mr. BUCHANAN entered upon the duties of the Presidential office, there was a surplus of *eighteen millions* in the U. S. Treasury and a public debt of only twenty-nine millions.—During the past three years Mr. BUCHANAN and his party friends have managed to squander this surplus as well as the annual revenue, and have swollen the public debt to *sixty-six millions*. This is a sample of the economy and reform that the People were promised, if they would trust the Sham-Democracy with power for another term.

THE QUEEN OF ENGLAND.—The following paragraphs are copied from the Toronto *Colonist and Atlas* of June 6th:

"An announcement appeared lately in the London *Court Journal* to the effect that Mrs. Duncan Stewart had been presented to the Queen through inadvertence. The *Adriatic* brings the following in explanation of the notice: The plain English of this is, that discovery had subsequently been made of some by-gone scandal in which Mrs. Duncan Stewart was implicated, and which the austerely virtuous Victoria regarded as sufficient to banish the unfortunate lady from her court. So the brand is stamped upon Mrs. Duncan Stewart in a most offensive and public manner. Two years since, a Mrs. McDowell, wife of the Colonel of the 2d Life Guards, was made the subject of a similar notice as 'inadvertence.' For some few years of early love, she had forgotten to obtain the usual marriage certificate, but had subsequently been legally wedded, and hoped that many years of irreproachable excellence in private life had atoned for this early error, but the stern morality of Queen Victoria's court—sterner even than that of the good Queen Charlotte,—would not permit such a palliation. A similar affair happened a few years since, and the branded lady grieved herself into the grave. The case of Lady Flora Hastings is not forgotten by the public."

HOUSTON'S LAST LETTER.—General HOUSTON has written another letter. It is as follows:

AUSTIN, TEXAS, May 24, 1860.

"MESSRS. D. D. ATKINSON and J. W. HARRIS—*Gentlemen:*—In reply to your letter of the 14th inst., I will say that I have responded to the people at San Jacinto, and consented to let my name go before the country as the People's candidate for President.

In yielding to the call of my fellow-citizens of Texas, in June last, to become a candidate for Governor, I said:

'The Constitution and the Union embrace the only principle by which I will be governed, if elected. They comprehend all the old Jackson National Democracy I ever professed or officially practiced.'

These have ever guided my action. I have no new principle to announce.

Thine truly,
SAM HOUSTON."

If we were asked what physician stood at the top of his profession, we should say it was a gentleman who was in the habit of attending "patients on a monument."

"Abe Lincoln, the Rail Candidate."

Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune

WEST URBANA, Ill., May 28, '60.

There may be some among your readers who do not exactly know why "Honest Old Abe" is called the "Rail Candidate," and the "rail splitter of the Sangamon" (pronounced with the emphasis on *gam*). The origin of the title is as follows:

The Illinois State Republican Convention met at Decatur, Macon County, on the 9th of May last. Not only was there a full delegation, but the attendance of outsiders was unusually large, and an immense crowd had gathered in the rudely-constructed shelter, half tent, half "wigwam," where the Convention held its deliberations. Among the gentlemen on the platform was Abraham Lincoln, and every casual allusion to his honored name called forth a tempest of enthusiastic applause.

At an early stage in the balloting, the Hon. Richard Oglesby, of Macon County, arose on the steps of the platform and requested general permission for "an old Democrat who had voted the straight Democratic ticket for thirty years, to present a small contribution to the Convention."

As "Dick Glesby is a privileged character, this permission was granted, and shortly, as "Dick" beckoned for them, a couple of men came forward from the main entrance, bearing a broad white banner, stretched between two common walnut fence-rails. We could not see the banner at first, distinctly, but after it was posted up in full view of the of the crowd, we read as near as I can now recall it, the following inscription:

ABE LINCOLN,
The Rail Candidate.
For President in 1860.

Two rails being a part of 3,000 cut in 1830, ten miles south of Decatur, by Abe Lincoln and John Hanks.

A wild shout of laughter and applause, mingled with rousing cheers and calls for "Lincoln," brought "Old Abe" to his feet. Advancing to the edge of the platform, he scanned the rails a moment with a good-humored and quizzical expression of countenance, and thus addressed the now silent assembly:

"Well, gentlemen, I must confess that I do not understand this; I don't think I know any more about it than you do. It is very true that about thirty years ago I came to Illinois a poor boy, and that I 'landed' in Macon county. A few days afterward, I went some miles south of this place, in company with my old friend John Hanks, to attend to some land which we had purchased, in the edge of the Sangamon timber. We cleared a piece of ground, put up a log house and split about 3,000 rails for our fencing, and I do say that I think I did the larger share of the work. Now, whether these two rails are specimens of what I made then, of course I cannot say; but one thing I *will* say—I've made a good many better-looking rails than either of them."

Then the house "came down" in a perfect storm of applause, for the orator had reached the strong and honest hearts of the throng of pioneers before him. I quote his remarks from memory, but not, I think, inaccurately, as I have had frequent occasion to repeat them since. You Eastern men, politicians especially, can hardly realize the strong hold upon the Western heart which can be gained by a man like Lincoln—a pioneer as well as a statesman; a great man, and yet a simple and unostentatious dweller on the prairie, like the rest of us. Well did tough old Ben Wade say that his nomination "would rouse a political earthquake upon the prairies of Illinois." The prairie-fires will be lighted up very early next Fall, and they will sweep through the November grass before a perfect hurricane of popular enthusiasm.

"LINCOLN."

Affairs in Sicily.

EXTRACTS FROM PRIVATE LETTERS—A REVOLUTIONARY PROCLAMATION.

We are indebted to Messrs. Draper & Devlin, a house in this city in the Sicily trade, for the subjoined extracts from letters received by the *Africa*, and a translation of a Proclamation issued by the Revolutionary Committee at Palermo. The letter from Naples is written by one who, we are assured, has steadily sympathized with the Bourbon government. Of course much additional intelligence will be found among our foreign news.

EXTRACT FROM A LETTER DATED

NAPLES, May 19.

"It is evident that Sicily is lost to the King of Naples, and he had better give it up quietly. I hear the King intends to defend the towns, and leave the interior of the Island to its fate. No 'Electric' has arrived, and no one seems to know any Sicilian news. One of the large government frigates came in this morning, and brought Prince Castelcicala, the Viceroy of Sicily, who has made his bow to Palermo. General Lanza has gone over to Palermo as General, Lord Lieutenant, &c. Mr. Elliot, the British Minister, has sent over the *Caradoc* war-steamer this afternoon, to ascertain the real state of affairs at Palermo, and to afford the British residents such protection as they may stand in need of.

Exchange is excessively high, and report says Rothschild is preparing money for the highest personage in the land, should he be obliged to run away."

EXTRACT OF A LETTER DATED

MESSINA, May 19.

"The news from Palermo this morning per English steamer, was anything but to the advantage of the royal troops. Matters are quiet here, but I expect we are reserved for the 'grand finale' Business is of course dead. Bombardment and pillage by the soldiers are two things to be dreaded by men of property; we are subject to both. The citadel frowns on us, commanding the town, with six hundred guns.

OFFICIAL BULLETIN.

The invincible Garibaldi, whom the lying Government has not dared to mention in the proclamation, has annihilated between Calatafimi and Alcamo, a column of the enemy consisting of four thousand men. Our bands have pursued over a thousand of the enemy—many of these scattered, and very many prisoners. In Santo Stefano di Camastra, a further landing of brave men has taken place; Luigi Laporta, a young man who has suffered much, and deserved well of his country, occupies Termini, where the soldiery has retreated to the Castle, from whence it keeps up an ineffectual cannonade.

The Royalists experienced another defeat yesterday at Robuttone, near the Parco.—Everywhere the enthusiasm is immense.—From all parts armed and well organized bands move towards the place where the flag of the Italian hero is flying. The Inspector of Police, Francesco di Ferro, whom we mention, *being desired to do so by him*, has placed himself under the protection of the Committee. Others promise to yield, whose names we shall publish hereafter.

Citizens! Be always true to yourselves, and victory will be ours. Let us show ourselves worthy of it.

Viva Italia! Viva Vittorio Emmanuele!!
Viva Garibaldi!

FROM THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.
PALERMO, 17th May, 1860.
—*N. Y. Courier & Enquirer.*

The Great Eastern.

Correspondence of the Courier & Enquirer.

LONDON, May 26, 1860.

You will ere this get the gratifying intelligence that the Great Eastern is positively "up" for New York, and will leave in two weeks. Of course, the eclat and hurrah that attended her exit from the Thames last year, is not repeated, for here there were nearly three millions of people to cheer her way, and at Southampton there are not a hundred thousand. It is not my business to "write up" the Great Eastern, nor are the shares in the market to any extent; but were I desirous of going into a good speculation, I would invest money in the big ship. She goes to America under the most flattering auspices, so far as the expectations of this voyage are concerned, and, more than that, a telegraph company and Her Majesty's government are both in treaty for the charter of the steamer to go on an important service. It scarcely seems possible to avoid a general European war during the next twelve or eighteen months, and in the juncture, the owners can command their own terms from either the French or English Government, for a transport

But that is neither here nor there, or rather here, and not there; and soon the Great Ship, if she is lucky, will be steaming up the Narrows. The advent of this great curiosity at this time will be a little fortune for your Railway Companies, and the owners of Steam Tugs about the harbor of New York.

If there is any way for the people to spend their money legitimately, it is in anything that gives them rational amusement and instruction. The *Great Eastern* will do both. I hope the Railway Companies that stretch away into the interior for hundreds of miles will see their interest in giving the public the advantage of low fares, and safe transport over their lines. Then, too, you will have an unusually large number of English visitors, from the oldest son and heir to the "highest personage in the realm," to the humblest citizen that takes the present opportunity to visit the young Republican giant of the West. Mr. Ten Broeck's horses did not win the Derby, but the yacht *America*, your printing presses, your reaping machines, your revolving pistols and guns, and your thousand other inventions and articles, are constantly carrying off prizes and honors from us here; and now you will feel a sort of fraternal pride that your Trans-Atlantic cousins, brothers, or grand-mothers, if you please, have sent you the greatest monument of architectural and engineering skill the world has ever seen.

But won't you have a good time, you New Yorkers, on the acre-deck of the Great Eastern, with a fine brass band, and accommodations for 2,000 dancers all at once? It is such a ball room as Yankee ladies never saw before. By the way, it took a few yards of canvas to make an awning for the after half of that same deck. And now your newspapers will swarm with statistics and descriptions; how loud your newsboys will shout; and how many good mothers will make their brains "good" by promising to take them to see the Great Eastern. And they can afford to be good, for to old or young it will be the event of a life-time. I have no doubt but all this will be duly appreciated and duly chronicled by your cot-emporary historians, the ever-active newspaper writers. As you asked me to write when I got time, I can certainly find nothing of more interest than a few words about the curiosity that is soon to be the great event of the day for the pleasantest portion of your summer.

* *

THE SWEEP OF THE TORNADO.—From a variety of matter in this paper relative to the late destructive tornado, it appears that the storm fiend swept over the space of *four hundred and fifty miles* without diminution of force, smiting towns, farms, forests and everything on the surface of the earth, with the violence of a battery of a thousand guns. Indeed, the arts of civilized man are inadequate to the work of destruction accomplished by the hurricane during any single minute of its duration, where it had anything more moveable than the solid earth to work upon. whole forests were crushed in an instant, and respectable streams of water literally scooped out by the mighty tempest.

The course of the tornado is now traced from Fort Dodge, Webster county, Iowa, more than two hundred miles west of the Mississippi river, to the north-eastern corner of Ottawa county, Michigan. Nor is it all probable that the entire range of devastation is yet known, though its direction at both extremities leads us to hope that however far it may have travelled, it did not involve much more destruction of human life than is already known. The time occupied by the tempest in making the entire distance cannot yet be correctly estimated. We know merely that it swept over Webster county, Iowa, on Sunday afternoon, and Ottawa county, Michigan, on Sunday night. To ascertain and preserve the exact data, distance, and the more marked effects of the phenomenon, furnishes an ample and interesting field for the Academy of Natural Sciences.—*Chicago Tribune of Monday.*

Dry Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS
—IN—
Spring and Summer Goods!!
—AT—
181 EAST WATER STREET.

MACK BROTHERS,

WILL OFFER ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 21st, an extensive and select assortment of SILK ROBES, from $20 to $30 per robe, worth $25 to $75. SILKS by the yard, from 50c to $1, worth 75c to $1.62½. GRENADINE ROBES, in black and colored, from $10 to $25, worth $25 to $50. BAREGE and BAREGE ANGLAIS, in robes and by the yard, greatly under cost of importation. ORGANDIE ROBES, elegant styles, from $4 to $8, worth $8 to $14. FRENCH ORGANDIES, (best qualities), in Chintz and plain colors, from 25 to 37½ ¢ yard, worth 45c to 65c. GRENADINES, Japanese Grenadines, Plain, Spots, Opals, Checks, Chalines and Striplings, Organdies, Petit de Chevre, and fashionable Grey Goods, all 25 per cent under cost of importation. 500 pieces French Chintzes and Colored Brilliants at reduced prices. 200 pieces Irish Linen at 25c per yd, worth 50c. Also, finer qualities in proportion.

Lace and Muslin Curtains reduced 25 per cent.
Bargains in Damasks, Coverings, Napkins, &c.
Also, New Goods for Traveling Dresses, New Materials for Suits, New Linen Cambrics and Drillings, New Laces and Embroideries, New Gloves and Hosiery, New Bonnets, Ribbons and Parasols, New Mantillas, all of which must be seen before heard of. Real India Cashmere Shawls, and other shawls, &c., at very low prices.

Domestic Goods of every kind and description, at manufacturer's prices.

MACK BROTHERS,
181 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

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NEW AND CHOICE

SPRING GOODS

J. L. DAVIS,

178 East Water Street, Milwaukee,

Has Opened one of the

LARGEST STOCKS
—OF—
NEW SPRING GOODS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS MARKET, consisting in part of

NEW STYLES SPRING DRESS GOODS, DRESS SILKS, EVENING SILKS, BLACK SILKS, SILK ROBES, 12 5 AND 7 FLOUNCES, ORGANDIES & JACONETS, FRENCH AND ENGLISH PRINTS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, HOSIERY & GLOVES, CLOTH, CASSIMERES & SUMMER STUFFS, SHAWLS, MANTILLAS, RAGLANS, &c., &c., &

Together with a large Stock of

Housekeeping & Domestic Goods

WE have also added to our Immense Stock, a *Department exclusively for*

LINEN GOODS!!

Our attention is especially called to this *branch* of our trade, as we shall keep the *largest and best selected* stock of Linen Goods of every description, ever kept in the city, and *all them cheap.*

OUR THIRD FLOOR is *used exclusively* for the *manufacturing* of

Cloaks, Raglans, Mantillas, &c., &c.

We shall keep on hand a very large stock of the latest styles. Raglans, Mantillas, &c., made to order.

LAST, BUT NOT LEAST. We are prepared to exhibit one of the largest and best selected stocks of

CARPETS, RUGS,

OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.,

Ever offered in the West. We have the *latest* and most patterns and styles of Oil Cloths, Brussels, Wilt & Tapestry, Bigelow (the best Carpet under Three Ply), Ingrains, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, &c. &c. Persons in want of Carpets, will save money by examining our stock before purchasing.

OUR JOBBING DEPARTMENT

Is full of all Kinds of

Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, &c.,

Which will be sold *cheap* for *cash* and *cash only.*

J. L. DAVIS,
dec16 121dly 178 East Water st., Milwaukee.

Sewing Machines.

SINGER'S GENUINE

Sewing Machines.

General Depot for the North-West

NO. 17

Newhall House, - - - Milwaukee.

HAS COME! HAS COME! HAS COME! The Good Time has Come! SINGER'S No. 2 Sewing Machine

Can now be had for.....$100
Do. No. 1.....50

☞ "For manufacturing purposes the only reliable and unexcelled Sewing Machine in the World."—*N. Y. Times.*

☞ "We have put them in our own families and find them superior to any in use."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

☞ Family Sewing Machines from Forty to Seventy-Five Dollars.

The best Sewing Machines in use, with IMPROVED HEMMER, forming different width of hem, stitching, gathering, felling and sewing it at the same time. Also, Standard Machines of the World, reduced prices. of I. M. SINGER & CO., of New York.

☞ Machine Twist of superior quality. Needles, Shuttles, Shuttles, &c., for every article used or appertaining to Singer's Machines, can be had at this agency.

W. H. SPEAR,
Agent for I. M. Singer & Co.,
No. 17 Newhall House.
nov18 1897 Jdawly

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED NOISELESS

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES!!

NEW STYLES—PRICES FROM $50 TO $125.
HEMMERS, $5 EXTRA.

THESE MACHINES SEW FROM TWO Spools, as purchased from the stores, requiring no rewinding of threads or skeins. They will do any stitch in a superior style, finishing each seam by their own operation, without recourse to the hand-needle, as is required by other machines. They will do fancy work and embroidering better than a seamstress can, even if she works for one year on one seam.

☞ Every Machine warranted for three years.

☞ Shuttle Machines for manufacturing purposes for $30.

Office of Exhibition and Sale, 495 Broadway, N. Y.
Office 18 Newhall House, Milwaukee.

J. A. FRENCH, Agent.

jy13 s51d1y

Saddlery Hardware, &c.

Fall--136 East Water Street--1859.

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE DAILY RECEIVING direct from the manufacturers, additions to their stock, and with

Goods of their own Manufacture,

Keep it the most full and complete in the market. We fix our prices uniformly at the bottom of the market, and will sell to those who give us a call, that we have the facilities, as well as the disposition to please all who will give us a trial.

In our stock may be found at all times every description of

COACH & SADDLERY HARDWARE,

HUBS,
SPOKES,
FELLOES, &c.,
TRUNK TRIMMINGS,
PATENT AND ENAMELLED LEATHERS,
ENAMELLED CLOTHS,
BROADS, BANDS, LACES, &c.
LADIES' AND GENTS' SADDLES AND BRIDLES.

All styles of Harness, Collars, Blankets, Whips, Belting, Rubber Cloth and Canvas for Belts.

All the above and many goods not mentioned we offer at many styles and qualities, and always at the lowest prices in the West.

Milwaukee, 136 East Water Street.

jel13 19dawly GEO. DYER & CO.

Charles Bellows & Co.,
41 BEAVER STREET, N. Y.,
IMPORTERS
OF
CROSSE & BACKWELL'S
Pickles, Sauces, Catsups, Mustard, &c

LONDON AND DUBLIN PORTER AND Brown Stout, quarts and pints.

Scotch and English Ales, pale and strong, in glass and stone bottles, imported in the bottle, all the various brands.

Madeira, Sherry, and Port Wines, in half pipes, quarters and eighths, of the several grades and qualities.

Brandies of Otard, Dupuy & Co., Hennessey, Marrett & Co., Jules Robin & Co., & Alex. Seignette, in half, quarter and eighth pipes.

Medaire Swan Gin and Wright's Schnappa.

Jamaica, Grenada, St. Croix and Bay Rum.

Cadiz, Tenerife and Harveilles Madeira

Burgundy and pure Juice Port.

Champagne Wines, in quarts and pints, of Mort & Chandon, S. H. Munn & Co., Heidsick, Bouche, Fils & Drouet, &c., &c., the latter in ½ pipes and magnums—silc.

Claret Wines, of every grade and quality, quarts and pints, from Barton & Guestier, Brandenburg & Co., and Crusse Frere & Fils.

Hock Wines, still and sparkling in all their varieties, large and small bottles, from Runckel & Co., Metternich-on-the-Rhine.

Maraschino, Curacoa, Absynthe, Kirkenwasser, Anisette, and assorted Cordials, French, Italian and Swiss.

Choice Teas—Oolong, Souchong, finest English Breakfast, Hyson, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Imperial, in various sized packages.

English and French Mustard, in bottles, jars and tins.

Olives, plain and stuffed, Capers, Sardines, Anchovies, &c.

Gelatine, I. & I. Cox's and Geo. Nelson's.

Bordeaux, Italian and Marseilles, Oil, whole and half bottles, some of which is of the very finest quality.

Blacking, Day and Martin's celebrated Japan, in three sizes.

Worcestershire Sauce, &c., &c.

Havana Segars, &c., &c. feb26 162d1y 2aSpp

Groceries and Provisions.

1860. Spring and Summer. 1860.
NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

HUNN & CROSBY,

No. 181 East Water St., Milwaukee,
Two doors north of Uncle Ben's Hat Store.

TAKE THIS OCCASION TO ANNOUNCE to their friends, and the public at large, that they have removed from their old quarters to their present location, for the purpose of obtaining more commodious accommodations for their business, and so keep pace with the requirements of their trade. The new building has been fitted up specially for the trade, and we have one of the best assorted Family Groceries in town, and we intend to be in future, as we always have been in the past, the first market in the city for every novelty of the season. We are receiving goods every week from the East, thereby always keeping our stock fresh and desirable, and nothing in the trade can be found at our establishment, and we are prepared to sell at wholesale as well as retail, on as favorable terms as any house from the city. Teas, Sugars, Coffees, Dried Fruits, Domestic Fish and Fruit, and every other article usually kept in a first class family establishment, will be found fresh, and always warranted as represented. We will retail as good a Tea for fifty cents, than you will get elsewhere for one dollar, or twenty-five cents as good a one for forty. In our weekly communications, which we have been in the habit of sending out, we shall endeavor to keep our friends well posted in the prices of goods, and shall be on hand every day in the week. We make it a point not to be undersold, and we understand that we do our business upon that principle.

Country merchants can always sort up their stock with us on good advantage. We will sell you goods by the package as low as any of the wholesale dealers in town.

Butter & Eggs are received by us daily, from our agents in the town Y.

☞ TERMS CASH.

We cordially invite our friends and customers, and the public generally, to call and see us in our new institution, and in an examination of our goods and prices. Particular attention paid to orders.

HUNN & CROSBY.

J. W. LEDYARD,

Grocer & Wine Dealer,

OFFERS FOR SALE AT

LOWEST CASH PRICES,

Every article in the Grocery & Provision Line required by Families.

TOGETHER WITH A LARGE STOCK of

FINE LIQUORS,

For medicinal and Table use. Choice old Brandies, Finest Sherries, Ports, &c. All *Purchased from Head and Wine Merchants.*

CHOICE HAVANA SEGARS.

English Pickles, Sauces, Condiments,

&c., from CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

Agents for

SANDS' CELEBRATED CREAM ALES.

☞ Orders for anything in my line will meet with prompt attention.

J. W. LEDYARD,
Grocer & Wine Dealer,
apl0 181 East Water street.

Samuel F. Knight's

EXCELSIOR GROCERY STORE,

COR. WISCONSIN & MILWAUKEE STS.

UNDER THE BAPTIST CHURCH, IS filled with the choicest groceries in the city. I have just received from the East a large and fresh assortment of the choicest

Teas, Coffees, Raisins, Figs, &c.,

And have renewed my stock of

CAN FRUITS,
PRESERVES,
PICKLES,
JELLIES, &C.

And would call particular attention to my HERMETICALLY SEALED GOODS,

Especially

FRESH PEACHES.

These have been highly spoken of by all who have tried them, and I buy them on terms that enables me to sell cheaper than one else in the City.

I have a good assortment of

WOODEN & WILLOW WARE,

And in fact, a full assortment of

FAMILY SUPPLIES.

CALL ON ME AND SAVE 5 PER CENT.
On your purchases.

☞ Goods delivered promptly free of charge.

DON'T FORGET.

UNDER THE BAPTIST CHURCH
Wisconsin Street.

apr28 j85d3mon

L. T. CHASE & CO.,

SHIP CHANDLERS & GROCERS,

Wholesale & Retail,

Waldo's Block, Cor. East Water & Chicago Sts

OFFER IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS:

Manila Rope, (all sizes);
Russia do do
Tarred Hemp Rope, (all sizes);
Manilla, Houseline,
Hambroline,
Spun Yarn,
Lath Yarn,
Cotton Duck, (all numbers);
Tar, Pitch,
Oakum, Corr,
Blocks, Hooks and Thimbles,
Twine Twine,
Paints, Oils, &c., &c.
And a full assortment of everything usually found in a first-class Ship Chandlery Store.
Apr16dly.

NO FOR PIER'S PEAK.

TENTS, WAGON COVERS, BAGS, &c All sorts and sizes made to order and sent to any part of the country, by

L. T. CHASE & CO.,
Ship Chandlers and Sail Makers,
Corner East Water and Chicago sts.

TO TRUNK MAKERS & SADDLERS

5,000 YARDS CANVASS, ALL NUMBERS, from 22 to 44 inches wide, in store and for sale cheap. deed L. T. CHASE & CO.

HIDE ROPE, HAY ROPE AND BALING TWINE, in lots to suit, cheap for cash, by

L. T. CHASE & CO.,
nov10 Corner East Water & Chicago St.

Sauces, Spices, &c.

Charles Bellows & Co.,
41 BEAVER STREET, N. Y.,
IMPORTERS
OF
CROSSE & BACKWELL'S
Pickles, Sauces, Catsups, Mustard, &c

LONDON AND DUBLIN PORTER AND Brown Stout, quarts and pints.

Scotch and English Ales, pale and strong, in glass and stone bottles, imported in the bottle, all the various brands.

Madeira, Sherry, and Port Wines, in half pipes, quarters and eighths, of the several grades and qualities.

Brandies of Otard, Dupuy & Co., Hennessey, Marrett & Co., Jules Robin & Co., & Alex. Seignette, in half, quarter and eighth pipes.

Medaire Swan Gin and Wright's Schnappa.

Jamaica, Grenada, St. Croix and Bay Rum.

Cadiz, Tenerife and Harveilles Madeira

Burgundy and pure Juice Port.

Champagne Wines, in quarts and pints, of Mort & Chandon, S. H

Special Notices.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It has no equal on earth. It speedily facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in thousands of cases.

It relieves the little sufferer immediately—depend upon it, mothers, it will give quiet to your infants, and comfort and health to yourselves.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. Nearly a million bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ Never purchase unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

☞ Sold by druggists throughout the world. Office No. [illegible] Liberty-street, New York.

For sale in Milwaukee by John Rice.

jel5id10dwtsowly

Bryant's Tasteless Vermifuge.

It is safe to infants
Just the thing for children
It kills every child
Is mild, safe and sure
Is pleasant to take
Is the best medicine
Is what every mother
Is what every child
Is what every child must have
Is what you should give
Is for sale by druggists.

For sale by Henry Foss, Jr., and druggists. Sold by Henry Foss, Jr., and druggists generally. my14d1m

CROUP OR RATTLES.

FOR THIS DANGEROUS DISEASE, for which [illegible] can be relied on as an [illegible] in season. Apply promptly [illegible] and heat is.

Burns

[illegible] is a very [illegible] with nutmegs, and heal [illegible] It is a very [illegible] remedy for burns.

Frozen Limbs.

[illegible] from the first take the frost out in the [illegible] it in wrap them up in Ointment, [illegible] in 12 hours; they will [illegible] the frost is out, and will be entirely [illegible] new limb.

Bronchitis and Asthma

[illegible] Magnetic Ointment, and [illegible] consumption has in a number of cases been [illegible]

[illegible] Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

[illegible] Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Dr. Jas. McClintock's Pectoral Syrup

THIS STRICTLY VEGETABLE SPE- [illegible] of the first physicians [illegible] of the age, saving the lives [illegible] young and old, having all [illegible] diseases.

[illegible] has been used with never [illegible] in all cases.

[illegible] is the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of hysterics and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause.

A person's health can be estimated by dollars and cents—it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ Never purchase unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

☞ Sold by druggists throughout the world. Office No. [illegible] Liberty-street, New York.

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Bryant's Tasteless Vermifuge.

It is safe to infants
Just the thing for children
It kills every child
Is mild, safe and sure
Is pleasant to take
Is the best medicine
Is what every mother
Is what every child
Is what every child must have
Is what you should give
Is for sale by druggists.

For sale by Henry Foss, Jr., and druggists generally. Sold by Henry Foss, Jr., and druggists generally. my14d1m

GROUP OR RATTLES.

FOR THIS DANGEROUS DISEASE, for which [illegible] can be relied on as an [illegible] in season. Apply promptly [illegible] and heat is.

Burns

[illegible] is a very [illegible] with nutmegs, and heal [illegible] It is a very [illegible] remedy for burns.

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A person's health can be estimated by dollars and cents—it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

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☞ Sold by druggists throughout the world. Office No. [illegible] Liberty-street, New York.

For sale in Milwaukee by John Rice.

jel5id10dwtsowly

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Moffat's Life Pills!

AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

Free from all Mineral Poisons!!

IN CASES OF SCROFULA, ULCERS, [illegible] or eruptions of the skin, the operation [illegible] Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing [illegible] every vestige of these loathsome [illegible] purifying effects on the blood, [illegible] and Ague, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, [illegible] Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, [illegible] all diseases arising from [illegible] family should be without [illegible] to be ready to timely use such salutary and [illegible] as they may be required. Prepared by

WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D.,

New York.

XENCRA WATER CURE

IS PERMANENTLY LOCATED IN ONE [illegible] most healthy cities on Lake Michigan, between [illegible] Chicago, and has been thoroughly refitted and enlarged so as to accommodate a large number of patients. Experienced nurses are [illegible] to attend all patients at the [illegible] attending physician, whose [illegible] will be guided in the entire treatment of [illegible]

☞ For particulars and circulars, address

E. PENNOYER, Proprietor, Or,

H. F. SEELEY, M. D.

[illegible]

Dr. McClintock's Cold and Cough Mixture.

THE ANNOYANCE OF A BAD COLD [illegible] great, the danger serious. Slight [illegible] are deemed of the organs of respiration, [illegible] down to consumption, bronchitis, [illegible] Asthma, you can do so in all cases—with [illegible] mixture, by a certain specific. All other preparations fail, this never.

[illegible] sold by Henry Foss, Jr., and other druggists.

my14d1m

Banking and Exchange.

A SAVINGS BANK

AT NORTH-WEST CORNER OF MAIN [illegible] street, has been opened upon [illegible] to allow by interest on deposites. [illegible] be deposited not less than one [illegible] and not exceeding [illegible] at any [illegible] at compounded every six [illegible] Interest [illegible] will be ready to render the [illegible] and to pay warrants. Eastern [illegible] Sterling Exchange [illegible] bought and sold. H. H. HOYT, Principal and Manager.

PRICE, FARMER & CO.,

BANKERS & DEALERS IN

Bank Notes, Specie & Exchange,

NO. 3 NEWHALL HOUSE, MIL.,

COLLECTIONS MADE AND REMITTED promptly, at current rates of exchange.

REFER TO

[illegible] Bank, N. Y.; Dr. Cummings, President [illegible] Bank; Palmer, Voorhees & Grigg, Commission Merchants, [illegible] Milwaukee; Wisconsin Marine and Fire Ins. Co., Milwaukee; [illegible] Milwaukee.

marq1103dly

ARMSTRONG, SPINK & CO.,

BANKERS,

CORNER OF HURON AND EAST WATER streets, buy and sell Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Gold and Silver, at best rates. Are prepared to draw direct on England, Ireland Scotland, France, and the principal cities on the Continent of Europe.

Milwaukee, Nov. 10, 1859. nov12d1vi976

BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE

—OF—

WALTER DELAFIELD,

WAUKON, ... IOWA.

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY REMITted at current rates of Exchange.

Refer to Merchants Exchange Bank, N. Y.; Wisconsin and Fire Ins. Co. Bank, Milwaukee.

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DAILY, delivered in City, per annum	$7.00
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JAPAN WARE.

Shut up almost since the world began,
Like wonderful beasts in a caravan,
Those copper-based types of the human man,
Who dwell in the islands of far Japan.
Have roused themselves from their sulky psi—
Removed, like the Jew from the "House to Let,"
To go into good society.
A squad of their nobs, in their Sunday clothes,
With a lacquery look, but not lachrymose,
In satin blouses, with each a "tile,"
Get up in the latest tea board style.
Have crossed the ocean to make us stare—
To freshen their lungs with our Yankee air,
Their souls with our Yankee piety.

'Tis a curious fact, which I may not quash,
That these queer Japanese swear by "Josh,"
Like regular bold down-Easters;
And hence, if we archæologists turn
Would search the records, 'tis five to ten,
They'd find in the Pilgrims of Plymouth Rock
A shoot of the old celestial stock;
And that the Yankees are writers now,
Both are the descendants of Adam's vrow,
And, therefore, brothers and sisters.

The skin to a milk and molasses hue
Might have changed, and their eyes got turned askew,
In the many cruises the world's gone through,
Since the date of the Deluge, grand ebb!
And perhaps in the botheration of tongues—
The general confusion of lips and lungs—
The Yankee phrase as it suit reminds,
May have fixed itself in Japan folk's brains,
Ere East from Babel they took their way—
Which stood—so its name would seem to say—
On the straits of Babel-Mandeb!

To turn from ancient to modern times,
And the subject of these mellifluous rhymes—
Our yellow friends and their whats,
Gorgeous to see are their tunic fine,
Funnily wrinkle their eyes porcine,
Long and clean are their shapely nails,
And, as to their beautiful plaited tails,
They're so long as to fairly tax the people seek
In sensation papers from week to week:
While their ensemble's as pleasant quite,
As that of that son of a troglodyte—
"The most marvelous What is it?"

They eat not with Christian knife and fork,
But with chop-sticks lay in their beans and pork;
Of 'broidered banners they sport a few,
And peacock's feathers impart health to, too.
Their trowsers resemble two towns in France,
Of which the reader has heard, perchance;
And a brace of swords each wears at his side;
To be handy in case of suicide;
For when insulted they never think
Of the fellow that raises their ire to pink;
But thrust themselves—so say those who've seen em—
Through the abdomen, or the duodenum.

That our saffron friends from the "Flowery Land,"
Our "flowers of speech" do not understand,
We regard as a special blessing;
Else each night now by his favorite "Josh,"
That aldermen's speeches were simply "mush;"
And laugh in his sleeve at our great "slang-whangs,"
Whose "sunkum" that of the Orient "humgs,"
When illustrious guests addressing.

Let us hope the New York Yu Hoos, to a man,
And the great H. H's—a congenial clan—
Will receive their namesakes from Old Japan
As befits their birth and station;
That they will not insist on twitching their queues,
Or on pulling off their embroidered shoes,
Or in spitting into their lacquered hats,
Or on wiping their rhotz on their sitting mats;
Because if they do, as sure as a gun,
There will be some disemboweling done;
And Japanese ports will close with a snap,
Never to open again, mayhap,
To the courteous Yankee nation.
—*New York Mercury.*

Written Expressly for the Milwaukee Sentinel.

EARLY AFFECTIONS.

A TALE OF THE SEA COAST.

BY WILL H. MORRISON.

[CONTINUED.]

Harry felt in his own breast a sensation to which he could not, dared not give name or utterance, when roaming with Alice Clifford beneath the trees of the old grove in the quiet moonlight. Such wanderings, it was true, were most delightful; but they were accompanied by a strange feeling of embarrassment, which whispered to him that they ought not to be frequent. His heart, however, would have inclined him to indulge in them much oftener than he did, had not the superior delicacy of the beautiful girl furnished a powerful check. She could have depended upon the honor of Harry Emerson for the protection of her life and all that was dearest to her without the slightest hesitation; yet she felt that the days of childish freedom are passed, and that she could no longer roam at all times, accompanied solely by one whose presence awoke a strange fluttering in her guileless heart. In short, though no words of love, nothing that could bear the least reference to that passion, had ever been breathed by Harry, he had for some time been conscious that the beautiful, the graceful form of Alice Clifford; her soft, sweet-toned voice; the gentle, yet eloquent expression of her lovely face; the dewy light of her mild brown eye, bright as the star of evening when the ruddy tinge of the setting sun has not yet forsaken the heavens—all had a subduing, a fascinating influence over his soul, which it were impossible to describe, and still more so to resist.

Perchance he might have observed a like embarrassment in her thoughts and actions, yet still he never had the confidence to interpret them in his favor. Modest delicacy, or dislike would have been more probably the construction he would have assumed as the cause of such reserve, still his own innate backwardness and unassuming manner, prevented him from making any such observations. The truth is, that a young, tender and deeply seated affliction had taken possession of his heart, perhaps of hers also; but the natural delicacy of woman, which makes her shrink from investigating much of her own feelings, had drawn a veil over those secret workings of that silent, insinuating passion. An unmentioned, unexamined affliction had united the hidden pulsations of their hearts, in their vernal, unsullied innocence; and, though not a word or look, scarce even a sigh, in unison or harmony, had ever betrayed that attachment, it dwelt and had its own pure fount in the bosoms of both, with a warmth which neither had dared to think or acknowledge.

Harry Emerson had now arrived at that period of life when it becomes necessary for a young man to mingle with the busy world, gain a knowledge of its workings, and make a choice of some avocation, or profession. A number of times had he broached upon something, to that effect, in the presence of Mr. Clifford, and had declared that his choice would be the navy, and pursue the life his father had led. Strenuous against this choice, all lent their persuasions; and they at length had the pleasure to know that their joint entreaties had prevailed. They could not, however, persuade him to embrace some peaceful, quiet, but less dignified profession, and remain at home, or at least in the State. He would relinquish his desire to enter the navy, only if a post in the army should be procured: and though this was also against their wishes, yet, thinking there was less imminent peril on land than on sea, exposed alike to the fog and the storm, they assented to his latter choice, and immediately took the necessary steps to procure him a commission. The time of his departure was not yet fixed, though it was certain that it could not be distant, when Alice Clifford was seized with an illness which threatened to be of some continuance, if not of immediate danger. Without suffering violent distress she became gradually weaker, till at length she was scarcely able to leave her room. This was most afflicting to the heart of poor Harry, especially in the prospect of an early departure. He could not, and he would not, think that death could lay his cold hand on so lovely, so amiable a being; yet when he thought on his departure, and the probable duration of his absence, and looked upon the pale cheek of the still lovely, though fading girl, or heard the low and somewhat enfeebled tone of her sweet, mild voice, a dark thought—too dark for words to express—came over his mind, and his very soul was darkened by dismal bodings, which he would not credit, but could not chase away.

Aware, however, that the health of the body is much influenced by the state of the mind, he often endavored to give a lively turn to the conversation in her presence, and his words were often cheerful, while his heart was sick with doubt and woe. He was not one of those who think every reference to mind, to spirit, to religion is necessarily gloomy, and should be sedulously avoided in the company of a person in delicate health. The company of a person in delicate health. The body is most favorable time for agitating the mind with sterner views and doctrines, which some, at such seasons, so incessantly urge. He endeavored to pursue a middle course.—He clothed what inspiring religious hope he wished to bring before her mind in the attire of indignation; and he gave to the language of imagination the spirit of a cheerful religion, such as might at once excite the feelings and encourage the soul, and thus call forth fresh energy in the whole frame. For this purpose, he invoked his muse, as poets say, and, among others, one day produced the following:

"For Love there's no oblivion. I have cherished
An idol beautiful, but in this hour,
Hopes that have bloomed for years have wholly perished,
And left me but the fragrance of the flower;
But be the hopes of love like blossoms blighted,
Whenever in the temples of the heart
Hath stood an altar with their splendor lighted,
The glory will not utterly depart;
Still as we enter life's forgetful haven,
And every form of beauty disappears,
The pictures of the memory engraven
Of early love, even our last smiles and tears;
The inspiration of the first endeavor
After the love of woman dwells forever."

His voice apparently faltered as he read, and, when he concluded, a slight tinge of confusion reddened his cheek; but he remained silent. At length, with a gentle smile, Alice observed that she supposed he assumed the right of a poet to understand the language of flowers, and also of a second-sighted person, to foretell future events; and really she could have no objections to his elegant and complimentary gallantry in the one character, nor to the propitious spirit of his agreeable predictions in the other, unlike many of his brethren of the second-sight.

To this, he stammered out some commonplace reply; and the conversation soon took a direction less interesting and less dangerous. This interview was decisive as to the state of his heart. The thought of departure from the home and the friends of his youth, had already pre-disposed his mind to the reception and development of every tender affliction. Love had, indeed, long held his heart bound in a soft, silken captivity, so gentle and so sweet that he scarcely felt its mild thraldom; but her illness occurring at that time when the feelings of his mind were excited into more than their usual sensibility, called forth the deep secret of his soul, and compelled the awaked affections to display themselves in that character which they had been long silently acquiring. The time was fast approaching when his departure must take place; but, meanwhile, he had the happiness to observe that a perceptible improvement had commenced in Alice's state of health. This was a greater source of consolation to his heart heart than he ventured to hope for. It was to him the first forming radiance of anticipation's bright arch of promise, gilding the gloom of a dark cloud with an enlivening and cheering splendor.

In the midst of his secret happiness, the day came—that day of first departure from the home of his infancy and boyhood, which awakens a fancy that can never come but once to any in its power and untried depth. Why should I attempt to describe it? A few there may be who have never felt it—to them any description would be unintelligible; but many have felt it deeply, and perhaps the hearts of some are yet throbbing freshly with its pang. Those I would spare a renewal of a pang so severe. To this sore agony of bereavement, this uprooting of the being from his natal soil, which all who have the blessing or the misery of possessing sensitive hearts must once suffer—was added another of peculiar nature. The panting, fluttering and glowing agitation of his heart was now no longer an ambiguous feeling.—He was compelled to know that he, in reality, loved Alice Clifford; yet he left her without venturing to make mention of his love, without having the confidence to make one effort to obtain one ground of hope to sooth him in the absence.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

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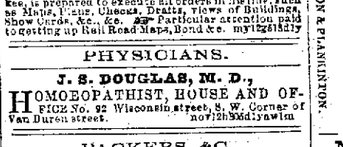

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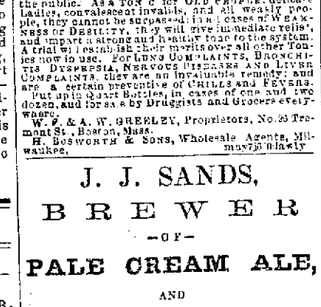

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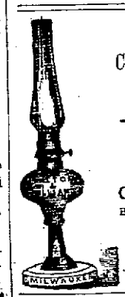

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—OF—

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MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 13, 1860.

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, June 11—4 P. M.

The Senate Committee on Finance met to-day, but took no action on the tariff. They adjourned till to-morrow, when the subject will be discussed, as Mr. Hunter has promised his friends to reach some decision on Wednesday, and report the result to the Senate. The present purpose is to move a postponement of the tariff till next December, assigning a want of time to consider it fully instead of reporting so much of Mr. Morrill's tariff bill as provides for a loan to meet Buchanan's floating debt of $21,000,000.—Mr Hunter intends to move it as an independent amendment to one of the pending appropriations by way of cutting off all consideration of the tariff.

Despatches were received from Mr. McLane to-day, which gave a far more discouraging account of the prospects of the Liberals than has yet been published. All the recent statements of their victories appear to have been exaggerated, and it is hardly probable, from internal discords and other causes, that the Juarez government can sustain itself much longer.

It is understood that Senor Mati received similar intelligence.

Mr McLane is not expected to return home immediately.

The Richmond Convention.

RICHMOND, June 11.

The following is the programme for to-morrow night's orders convention:

After the permanent organization is accomplished, the convention will take a recess with the understanding that it is to continue till after the Baltimore Convention, so as to allow the delegates to go there; in the meantime the Richmond Convention to be called together again when the chairman deems it advisable. All the delegates will go to Baltimore except those from South Carolina who were sent to Richmond. All but the South Carolinians, who are a fine set of fellows, will wait for the other delegates, but they return and take joint action with them. The disadvantage is, however, that the vote of South Carolina will be lost in the Baltimore Convention.

The Japanese at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.

The Tribune's correspondent says:

They do not disbelieve the report of the Tycoon's assassination. Prince Mito, spoken of as leading the insurgents, is of the highest rank and greatest power in the Empire, and his hostile attitude towards the government strengthens the suspicion that he has instigated the murderous result. The intelligence is by no means wholly discredited, but it has produced as yet no special effect.

Covode Investigating Committee.

WASHINGTON, June 11.

Col Forney was before the Covode Committee two hours yesterday, and is to continue his testimony to-day. It is said to be of an important nature that a copy of it will be forwarded to the President for examination before being made public. Contrary to the usual practice of the Committee, they paid the witness under an obligation not to put all his testimony until it is concluded and the President makes known his pleasure on the subject by reply or otherwise.

Arrival of Steamers.

NEW YORK, June 12—8 P. M.

The steamer North Star, with California mails of May 21st, and $1,400,000 in specie has arrived.

The Steamer Moses Taylor, from New Orleans, via Havana, is below.

The steamer Arago, from Havre and Southampton, arrived yesterday.

Fire at Toronto.

TORONTO, C. W. June 11.

The fine row of dwelling houses situated on St George's square, occupied by Mr. Justice Burns, Dr. Bovell and others, was entirely destroyed by fire on Sunday morning. Loss estimated at $30,000.

Do they Burn Negroes at the South?

ATLANTA, GA., June 12—8 P. M.

A man named Wm. Smith, a planter in Oglethorpe county, was murdered by a slave on Saturday last. The slave was *burnt at the stake* on Monday.

Mail Robbery.

MONTREAL, June 11.

The mails from this point for New York of the 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th inst., have been robbed. We would put money dealers on their guard in negotiating Canada paper bearing those dates, as they contained some remittements in bank.

Death of Gen. Jessup.

PHILADELPHIA, June 10

Gen. Jessup died at Washington this morning.

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, June 12—9 P. M.

SENATE.—A bill was passed to explain the act for the satisfaction of Virginia land warrants.

The Senate concurred in the House amendment to the Pacific telegraph bill.

A bill for the relief of Geo. P. Marsh was passed.

Mr. Anthony presented a resolution calling for the correspondence of the Minister to England, relative to the settlement of the 4 fisheries in regard to the Bay Islands.—Adopted.

Several private bills were passed.

The civil appropriation bill was considered.

A long debate ensued on amendments to the bill.

An amendment was adopted appropriating $40,000 to the militia in the U. S. to obtain arms of the Government, for distribution among the several States.

An amendment that the sum of $30,000 heretofore appropriated for a light house at Oswego, and remaining unexpended, may be applied for repairing the pier on which it stands, was stricken out as recommended by the committee.

A recess was then taken from 4 till 6 P. M.

EVENING SESSION.—It was agreed to print the usual quantity of reports of the majority and minority committee on printing abuses.

Mr. Fitch reported the House bill for constructing a government printing office.

Mr Davis, from the minority committee, reported a bill in relation to the public printing.

A substitute for the House bill for the sale of the Military Academy at Harodesburgh, Ky., passed.

The consideration of the civil appropriation bill was resumed, and after a long debate, an amendment modifying the contract with Gales & Seaton for publishing American State papers was adopted

The amendment, appropriating $40,000 for seeds and cuttings in the Patent Office, was stricken out, but afterwards restored.

Mr. Iverson said the Agricultural Bureau had abused the appropriations. They had bought seeds in New York and have distributed them in other sections at an immense expense to the Government when the same could be bought in any store in any town in the country.

Mr Brown denounced the whole thing, and doubted if the Patent Office ever sent any valuable seed throughout the country.

Mr. Wilson intimated that the agricultural bureau was about to investigate the cattle disease.

Mr. Brown hoped the nation would not turn cow doctor.

Mr Mallory said agricultural reports were made out of material plagiarism from books which ought to be in the library of every agriculturist.

The bill was considered till after 11 o'clock when the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Grow, from the Joint Committee of Conference on the Disagreement Amendment to the Post Office Deficiency Bill, reported that they were unable to agree. He moved that the House recede from its disagreement to the first amendment of the Senate and agree to the Senate's amendment, with an amendment providing that the service between Charleston and Key West shall be performed in the same time as is now prescribed in the contract with the Isabel, and that the Isabel shall be paid for the service performed, at the rate prescribed in the contract The amendment restores all the service discontinued, or curtailed, since the 4th of March, 1859, except the route from Texolo to Albuquerque, and from Kansas City to Stockton, and part of route No 8076, west of El Paso, leaving to the Post Master General, on the restored service the same as under the existing law, to discontinue or curtail services.

Mr. Grow's proposition under the operation of the previous question, was agreed to—124 against 53.

Mr. Gurley, from the printing committee, reported a resolution, which was passed, to print 50,000 extra copies of the Mechanical part of the Patent Office report, 10,000 for the use of the office and the remainder for the use of the House.

The light-house appropriation bill was considered and passed.

The House passed the following Senate joint resolutions:

Authorizing a vessel connected with the coast survey to proceed beyond the limits of the U. S. for the purposes connected with the observation of the eclipse of the sun on the 18th of July. To supply Switzerland and the navy academy each with a copy of Wilkes' exploring expedition. To supply the Cherokee and Chickasaw nations with such copies of laws and journals as are furnished to the organized territories.

The House took a recess from 4 12 to 7 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.—The House re-assembled at 7 o'clock.

Several gentlemen obtained permission to print their speeches in the Globe.

Mr. McQueen objected to the printing of slanderous speeches on Southern institutions.

It was decided that the objection came too late.

The consideration of the navy appropriation bill was resumed.

After debate, the committee rose and the amendments were concurred in, and the bill was passed.

The House acted on the Senators amendments to the Indian appropriation bill, and concurring in some of them.

The Richmond Convention.

RICHMOND, June 12—3 P. M.

The proceedings of the Convention were opened by prayer by Rev. Dr. Duncan.

Mr. Calhoun, of S. C., son of John C. Calhoun, from the committee on permanent organization, made the following report, which was adopted:

For President—John F. Irwin, of Alabama, with one Vice President and Secretary from each State, with the exception of New York.

The temporary chairman then retired after making a brief but eloquent speech, closing with the hope that the result of their deliberations might be such as to preserve the Constitution inviolate.

Mr. Erwin was then conducted to the chair, when he delivered an address to the convention, explaining the position of the South, whose duty, he said, is to protect its own rights, to unfurl its flag to the breeze, and to firmly and proudly march on, demanding that the Constitution shall be preserved in word, and deed, and letter, and the equal rights of the States guaranteed.

He would say nothing in favor or against going to Baltimore, but whatever is done we must strangle this serpent "Squatter Sovereignty." He denied the imputation that their purpose was disunion. The Northern Democrats have gone in pursuit of a false god that the South can't worship, and we must endeavor to bring them back to the true faith. He earnestly hoped that the result of our deliberations here would result not only in securing our own rights, but the welfare of the whole country.

Mr. Middletown, of South Carolina, chairman of the committee on credentials, desired to be discharged from the further consideration of the certificates of the National Hall delegation. These delegates, he said, had informed the Convention that they did not come here as delegates, but as commissioners from New York, to consult with us in a fraternal feeling.

The committee were discharged and the New York commissioners invited to seats on the floor, but not as delegates.

A motion was made to appoint a committee on business.

Mr. Bates, of New Orleans, offered, as a substitute, the following resolution:

Resolved, That the delegates to this Convention, having been appointed on the basis of majority platform, adopted at Charleston, we deem it unnecessary to take any further action in relation to a platform at the present time.

Resolved, That whenever this Convention adjourn, it adjourn to meet again in Richmond on the 25th of June, unless the President should deem it necessary to call the Convention together sooner.

Mr. Davidson, of Ala., moved that after the word Charleston there be inserted the words, "which we heartily approve."

A motion was made to refer the amendment and resolutions to a select committee.

Mr. Meek, of Ala., hoped that a direct vote would be taken on the resolutions.

After considerable debate, Mr. Yancy suggested that a committee on resolutions be appointed and that all the resolutions and amendment be referred to it without debate.

Mr. Barry, of Miss, said these resolutions were prepared and had informally been approved by a majority of all the delegations, with the understanding that they would be adopted without discussion. He thought that a vote should be taken direct upon them.

Mr. Hunter, of La., moved the previous question. He was surprised that after the full and formal understanding that there should have been opposition to a direct vote on the resolutions. It was to avoid all discussion.

Mr. Jones, of Ga., said it would be highly improper to take any action at this time on the platform. We expect, should we not be able to harmonize at Baltimore, to have it in Richmond. We have